

# Package: gallery (via r-universe)

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**Type** Package

**Title** Generate test matrices

**Version** 1.0.0

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**Description** Functions for generating various test matrices. Inspired by the MATLAB gallery of test matrices.

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**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 7.2.3

**Imports** Matrix, pracma (>= 2.2.5)

**Suggests** testthat (>= 2.1.0), knitr, rmarkdown

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**Repository** <https://txiao95.r-universe.dev>

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/txiao95/gallery>

**RemoteRef** HEAD

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**binomial\_matrix**      *Create binomial matrix*

**Description**

Binomial matrix: an N-by-N multiple of an involuntary matrix with integer entries such that \$A^2 = 2^(N-1)\*I\_N\$. Thus B = A\*2^((1-N)/2) is involuntary, that is B^2 = EYE(N)

**Usage**

**binomial\_matrix(n)**

**Arguments**

**n**      - row dimension

**cauchy\_matrix**      *Create Cauchy matrix*

**Description**

Arguments x and y are vectors of length n. C[i, j] = 1 / (x[i] + y[j])

**Usage**

**cauchy\_matrix(x, y = NULL)**

**Arguments**

<b>x</b>	vector of length n
<b>y</b>	vector of length n

---

**chebspec***Create Chebyshev spectral differentiation matrix*

---

**Description**

Chebyshev spectral differentiation matrix of order  $n$ .  $k$  determines the character of the output matrix. For either form, the eigenvector matrix is ill-conditioned.

**Usage**

```
chebspec(n, k = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

$n$  order of the matrix.

$k$   $k=0$  is the default, no boundary conditions. The matrix is similar to a Jordan block of size  $n$  with eigenvalue 0. If  $k=1$ , the matrix is nonsingular and well-conditioned, and its eigenvalues have negative real parts.

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**chebvand***Creating Vandermonde-like matrix for the Chebyshev polynomials*

---

**Description**

Produces the (primal) Chebyshev Vandermonde matrix based on the points  $p$ .  $C[i, j] = T_{i-1}(p[j])$ , where  $T_{i-1}$  is the Chebyshev polynomial of degree  $i-1$

**Usage**

```
chebvand(p, m = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

$p$  points to evaluate. If a scalar, then  $p$  equally spaced points on  $[0, 1]$  are used.

$m$  number of rows of the matrix.  $\text{chebvand}(p, m)$  is the rectangular version of  $\text{chebvand}(p)$  with  $m$  rows.

**chow***Creating singular Toeplitz lower Hessenberg matrix***Description**

returns matrix  $A = H(\alpha) + \delta * EYE$ , such that  $H[i, j] = \alpha^{(i-j+1)}$ .

**Usage**

```
chow(n, alpha = 1, delta = 0)
```

**Arguments**

n	order of the matrix
alpha	defaults to 1
delta	defaults to 0

**circul***Create circulant matrix***Description**

Each row is obtained from the previous by cyclically permuting the entries one step forward. A special Toeplitz matrix in which diagonals "wrap around"

**Usage**

```
circul(v)
```

**Arguments**

v	first row of the matrix. If v is a scalar, then C = circul(1:v)
---	---

**Value**

a circulant matrix whose first row is the vector v

---

**clement***Create Clement tridiagonal matrix with zero diagonal entries*

---

**Description**

Returns an n-by-n tridiagonal matrix with zeros on the main diagonal. For k=0, A is nonsymmetric. For k=1, A is symmetric

**Usage**

```
clement(n, k = 0)
```

**Arguments**

n	order of matrix
k	0 indicates symmetric matrix, 1 asymmetric

---

**compar***Create comparison matrix A*

---

**Description**

For k=0, if  $i==j$ ,  $A[i,j]=\text{abs}(B[i,j])$  and  $A[i,j]=-abs(B[i,j])$  otherwise. For k=1, A replaces each diagonal element of B with its absolute value, and replaces each off-diagonal with the negative of the largest absolute value off-diagonal in the same row.

**Usage**

```
compar(B, k = 0)
```

**Arguments**

B	input matrix
k	decides what matrix to return

**cycol***Create matrix A whose columns repeat cyclically***Description**

Returns an n-by-n matrix with cyclically repeating columns where one cycle consists of the columns defined by `randn(n, k)`. Thus, the rank of matrix A cannot exceed k, and k must be scalar.

**Usage**

```
cycol(n, k, m = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

<code>n</code>	number of columns of matrix
<code>k</code>	upper limit of rank
<code>m</code>	number of rows of matrix

**dorr***Create Dorr matrix***Description**

Returns a n-by-n row diagonally dominant, tridiagonal matrix that is ill-conditioned for small non-negative values of theta. The default value of theta is 0.01.

**Usage**

```
dorr(n, theta = 0.01)
```

**Arguments**

<code>n</code>	order of matrix
<code>theta</code>	determines conditionality. Ill-conditioned when theta is nonnegative.

---

**dramadah***Create anti-Hadamard matrix A*

---

**Description**

Returns a n-by-n nonsingular matrix of 0's and 1's. With large determinant or inverse. If k=1, A is Toeplitz and  $\text{abs}(\det(A))=1$ . If k=2, A is upper triangular and Toeplitz. If k=3, A has maximal determinant among (0,1) lower Hessenberg matrices. Also is Toeplitz.

Also known as an anti-Hadamard matrix.

**Usage**

```
dramadah(n, k = 1)
```

**Arguments**

n	order of matrix
k	decides type of matrix returned.

---

---

**fiedler***Create Fiedler matrix*

---

**Description**

Fiedler matrix that has a dominant positive eigenvalue and all others are negative

**Usage**

```
fiedler(c)
```

**Arguments**

c	N-vector. If c is a scalar, then returns fiedler(1:c)
---	---

**Value**

a symmetric dense matrix A with a dominant positive eigenvalue and all others are negative.

**forsythe***Create Forsythe matrix or perturbed Jordan block***Description**

Returns a n-by-n matrix equal to the Jordan block with eigenvalue `lambda`, except that  $A[n, 1] = \text{alpha}$ .

**Usage**

```
forsythe(n, alpha = .Machine$double.eps, lambda = 0)
```

**Arguments**

<code>n</code>	order of matrix
<code>alpha</code>	value of perturbation at $A[n, 1]$
<code>lambda</code>	eigenvalue of Jordan block

**frank***Frank matrix of order N***Description**

Frank matrix of order N. It is upper Hessenberg with determinant 1.

**Usage**

```
frank(n, k = 0)
```

**Arguments**

<code>n</code>	order of the matrix
<code>k</code>	If <code>k</code> is 1, the elements are reflected about the anti-diagonal.

---

**grcar***Create Toeplitz matrix with sensitive eigenvalues*

---

**Description**

Eigenvalues are sensitive.

**Usage**

```
grcar(n, k = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

n	dimension of the square matrix
k	number of superdiagonals of ones

**Value**

n-by-n Toeplitz matrix with -1 on subdiagonal, 1 on diagonal, and k superdiagonals of 1s.

---

**hanowa***Hanowa matrix*

---

**Description**

Matrix whose eigenvalues lie on vertical plane in complex plane. Returns a 2-by-2 block matrix with four n/2 by n/2 blocks. n must be an even integer.

```
[d*eye(m) -diag(1:m), diag(1:m) d*eye(m)]
```

**Usage**

```
hanowa(n, d = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

n	order of matrix
d	value of main diagonal

**invol***Involutory matrix***Description**

a n-by-n involutory matrix and ill-conditioned. It is a diagonally scaled version of a Hilbert matrix.

**Usage**

```
invol(n)
```

**Arguments**

n	order of matrix
---	-----------------

**jordbloc***Create Jordan block matrix***Description**

Returns a n-by-n JOrdan block with eigenvalue lambda. The default is 1.

**Usage**

```
jordbloc(n, lambda = 1)
```

**Arguments**

n	order of matrix
lambda	eigenvalue of Jordan block

**lauchli***Create Lauchli Matrix***Description**

the  $(N + 1) \times (N)$  matrix  $[ones(1,n); mu*eye(n)]$ . Well-known example in least squares of the danger of forming  $t(A)$

**Usage**

```
lauchli(n, mu = NULL, sparse = F)
```

**Arguments**

n	number of columns
mu	constant applied to identity
sparse	whether matrix should be sparse

**Value**

Lauchli matrix.

lehmer	<i>Create Lehmer matrix</i>
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**Description**

the symmetric positive-definite matrix such that  $A[i,j] = i/j$ , for  $j \geq i$

**Usage**

lehmer(n)

**Arguments**

n	order of matrix
---	-----------------

leslie	<i>Create Leslie population model matrix</i>
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**Description**

N by N matrix from Leslie population model with average birth and survival rates.

**Usage**

leslie(a, b = NULL, sparse = F)

**Arguments**

a	average birth numbers (first row)
b	survival rates (subdiagonal)
sparse	whether to return a sparse matrix

**Value**

N by N Leslie population model matrix

<code>minij</code>	<i>Symmetric positive definite matrix MIN(i,j)</i>
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### Description

The N-by-N SPD matrix with  $A[i,j] = \min(i,j)$

### Usage

`minij(n)`

### Arguments

<code>n</code>	order of the matrix
----------------	---------------------

<code>spdiags</code>	<i>Create sparse diagonal matrix</i>
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### Description

Creates a sparse representation of multiple diagonal matrix

### Usage

`spdiags(A, d, m, n)`

### Arguments

<code>A</code>	matrix where columns correspond to the desired diagonals
<code>d</code>	indices of the diagonals to be filled in. 0 is main diagonal. -1 is first subdiagonal and +1 is first superdiagonal.
<code>m</code>	row dim
<code>n</code>	col dim

### Value

`dgcMatrix` sparse diagonal

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tridiag	<i>Create sparse tridiagonal matrix</i>
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## Description

Create a sparse tridiagonal matrix of dgcMatrix class.

## Usage

```
tridiag(n, x = NULL, y = NULL, z = NULL)
```

## Arguments

n	dimension of the square matrix
x	subdiagonal (-1)
y	diagonal (0)
z	superdiagonal (+1)

## Value

Sparse tridiagonal matrix

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